Measurement At Home

NPL®

Measuring tap water temperature using sugar

What is your tap water temperature?

- Can you use dissolving sugar to measure tap water temperature?
- Why is tap water the temperature it is?
- Why do people's results disagree? (Clue: control variables)

Estimated time: 30 minutes, no experience needed

Instructions

Watch the video (YouTube video jFw-1tE4vZ0)

- 1. Let the jug of water stand in room temperature for about an hour.
- 2. Measure some white granulated sugar at point scale reading *just* changes from 4 g to 5 g onto a teaspoon.
- 3. Pour 200 g of water from the jug into a glass.
- 4. If you have a thermometer, measure and note down the water temperature. If you don't, you can still proceed.
- 5. Start the timer when you add the sugar to the water.
- 6. Stir with the spoon in time with the video ticking (100 stirs per minute).
- 7. When all the sugar has dissolved, record the time on the timer.
- 8. Repeat using the hottest tap water possible take care not to scald yourself.
- 9. Repeat using water from a cold tap that's been running for at least a minute, so it's as cold as it will get.
- 10. Enter the results on the table below or on our web page.

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Water temperature	Dissolve time (in seconds)	Temperature (in °C)
Room temperature		
Hot tap		
Cold tap		
Notes (you could list variables that affect the result)		

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Equipment required

- Kitchen scales
- Water taps
- White granulated sugar
- 2 teaspoons
- Drinking glass
- Jug of water
- Timer (use the one on the video)
- Thermometer (optional)
- Paper and pencil

Risks

 Hot tap water can scald – handle with care.

SI measurement units

 kilogram (kg) for mass kelvin (K) for temperature second (s) for timing

Challenge Topics

Measurement Science, Maths, Health

Thoughts, tips and information

- Which factors (control variables) cause people to get different results? (glass size, sugar amount and type, stirring speed and spoon shape...)
- Hot water is heated to >60 °C to kill bacteria in the boiler. Water >42 °C may scald you.

Adult direction or supervision is required. All experiments are carried out at your own risk. For more experiments, visit <u>NPL Measurement at Home</u>.